RESTRICTIVE PRACTICE

IDENTIFICATION TOOL



Supporting adults who exhibit behaviour that causes harm or risk of harm

The Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships draws on its SOLID values (Strengths based, Open, Loyal, Innovative and Dedicated) to commit itself to enable people with a disability to thrive.

As such, the Department is committed to ensuring adults with an intellectual or cognitive disability who exhibit behaviour that causes harm to themselves or others and are receiving disability services from a relevant service provider, are supported appropriately, and in a safe environment that recognises their rights and needs.

The focus must be on preventing or reducing the behaviour that causes harm through supporting the adult to live a full and active life with opportunities to engage in community activities and other activities of interest, develop relationships, and learn new skills.

Use of restrictive practices to manage behaviour that causes harm

If restrictive practices (RP) are considered to be the least restrictive way to ensure the safety of the adult or others in response to the behaviour of the adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability who is receiving disability services from a relevant service provider, they must only be used in a way that:

- has regard to the human rights of the adult;
- safeguards the adult or others from harm;
- maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes for the adult and aims to reduce or eliminate the need to use restrictive practices; and
- ensures transparency and accountability in the use of restrictive practices.

Purpose of the restrictive practice identification tool

This tool guides service providers through the initial identification and documentation of restrictive practices in accordance with the requirements of the Act. This process does not provide specific advice as to potential restrictive practices, rather stipulates the requirements for identification of these practices at a property or facility. If you need clarification about a restrictive practice please contact your regional positive behaviour support and restrictive practice team, or email or <u>enquiries rp@dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au</u>.

Date of Assessment					
Client information					
Name:			Date of birth:		
Gender:	🗌 Male 🗌 Female		NDIS NUMBER		
Indigenous status	 Neither Aboriginal no Islander Rather not say 		Aboriginal Forres Strait Islander		
Disability:					
Is there a Positive Behaviour Support Plan	Yes No	Date of Positive Behaviour support plan:			
Address:					

Service provider information					
Name of Person Conducting Assessment					
Address of the Service Outlet					
How many Participants live at address					
<i>Type of service provided:</i> DSA 166 (1) (c) (ii) (A), (B) & (3) DSA 167 (1) (d) (i) (ii) & (4)		Community Acc		Respite Other	
Contact Person	Name:			Position:	
	Phone:			Email:	
	Phone:			Email:	

Consideration of Section 178 of the Disability Services Act 2006				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Is the person an adult (aged 18 years or over)?			
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does the person have an intellectual or cognitive disability? DSA 142 (1)			
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does the person receive funded disability services from an NDIS registered provider? DSA 140			
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does the Adult's behaviour cause harm to the adult or others DSA 142 (1)			
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does the adult live in a residential aged care facility			

Restrictive practices and behavioural information					
Yes No No Is the adult currently subject to restrictive practice/s, or are restrictive practice/s proposed; AND					
Containment:					
services, other the	Definition: To physically prevent the free exit of the adult from premises where they receive disability services, other than by secluding the adult, in response to the adult's behaviour that causes harm to the adult or others. (DSA s.146)				
Note: 'Premise	es' includes the lan	d around a building or other structure	but does not include a vehicle.		
		ned in situations where gates, doors or upervision because of a skills deficit.	r windows are locked to prevent		
		ans an adult with an intellectual or cog e premises without supervision is beca	, , ,		
 the ad 		ty skills, or abuse or exploitation by others, or d his or her way back to the premises.			
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Reason for Conta	inment:				
Physical harm others	to the adult or	Serious Risk of physical harm to the adult or others	Damage to property involving a serious risk of physical harm to the adult or others		
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does the Positive	e Behaviour Support Plan include deta	ils of this practice		
Yes 🔄 No 🗌		eir family members and others in thei ent about the use of the Restrictive Pra			
Yes 📄 No 🗌	Is there a curren for the use of co	t Queensland Civil and Administration ntainment?	Tribunal (QCAT) approval in place		
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Or if the use of containment is in a respite or community access service only, has consent been obtained from the guardian for a restrictive practice (respite) matter appointed by QCAT?				
Yes 📄 No 🗌	Yes No Is the restrictive practice/s the least restrictive way of supporting the adult? DSA 178(2)(e)				
Seclusion: Definition: To physically confine the adult alone, at any time of the day or night, in a room or area from which free exit is prevented, in response to the adult's behaviour that causes harm to the adult or others (DSA s.144). Yes No					
Reason for Seclusion:					
Physical harm others	to the adult or	Serious Risk of physical harm to the adult or others	Damage to property involving a serious risk of physical harm to the adult or others		

Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does the Positive Behaviour Support Plan include details of this practice				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Has the adult, their family members and others in their support network been provided with the statement about the use of the Restrictive Practice?				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌		Is there a current Queensland Civil and Administration Tribunal (QCAT) approval in place for the use of containment?			
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Or if the use of containment is in a respite or community access service only, has consent been obtained from the guardian for a restrictive practice (respite) matter appointed by QCAT?				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Is the restrictive practice/s the least restrictive way of supporting the adult? DSA 178(2)(e)				
Definition: Th	<i>Chemical Restraint</i> <i>Definition:</i> The use of medication for the primary purpose of controlling the adult's behaviour in				
response to the adult's behaviour that causes harm to the adult or others (DSA s.145). Note: A doctor confirms in writing that the medication is used for the primary purpose of controlling behaviour. However, the use of medication for the proper treatment of a diagnosed mental illness or physical condition is not chemical restraint.					
	Note: 'Diagnosed' for a mental illness or physical condition means a doctor confirms the adult has the illness or condition.				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌					
Reason for Chemical Restraint:					
Physical harm others	to the adult or	Serious Risk of physical harm to the adult or others	Damage to property involving a serious risk of physical harm to the adult or others		
Chemical Restrair	nt type:	Fixed Dose	PRN Medication		
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Is the medication prescribed for the primary purpose of controlling the adult's behaviour?				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Is the medication prescribed for a diagnosed mental illness or physical condition? (not chemical restraint)				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Has a <u>Clarification of Purpose of Medication Form</u> been completed?				
Yes No	Does the Positive Behaviour Support plan include details of this practice?				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Has the adult, their family members and others in their support network been provided with the statement about the use of the Restrictive Practice?				

Has consent been obtained from the appropriate decision maker? (see Restrictive Practice

Requirements

Date of Consent:

Yes 🗌 No 🗌

Physical Restraint Definition: The use of, for the primary purpose of controlling the adult's behaviour, of any part of another person's body to restrict the free movement of the adult in response to the adult's behaviour that causes physical harm or a serious risk of physical harm to the adult or others (DSA s.144). Yes No				
Reason for Physical Restrai	nt			
Physical harm to the adult or others		Serious Risk of physical harm to the adult or others	Damage to property involving a serious risk of physical harm to the adult or others	
Physical Restraint Type:				
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Does th	e Positive Behaviour Support plan inc	lude details of this practice?	
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Has the adult, their family members and others in their support network been provided with the statement about the use of the Restrictive Practice?			
Yes 🗌 No 🗌	Has consent been obtained from the appropriate decision maker? (see <u>Restrictive Practice Requirements</u>) Date of Consent:			
Mechanical restraint, Definition : of an adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability, means the use, for the primary purpose of controlling the adult's behaviour, of a device in response to the adult's behaviour that causes harm to the adult or others to— (a) restrict the free movement of the adult; or (b) prevent or reduce self-injurious behaviour. Reason for Mechanical Restraint:				
Physical harm to the adult or others		Serious Risk of physical harm to the adult or others	Damage to property involving a serious risk of physical harm to the adult or others	
Mechanical Restraint Type:		s/Straps Gloves kles/harness Splints	Helmets	
Yes No Does the Positive Behaviour Support plan include details of this practice?				
Yes No Has the adult, their family members and others in their support network been provided with the statement about the use of the Restrictive Practice?				

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Yes No No	Has consent been obtained from the appropriate decision maker? (see <u>Restrictive Pract</u> es No <u>Requirements</u>)			
	Date of Consent:			
	Date of Consent:			
Restricting Access	5			
Definitions of m				
		lectual or cognitive disability, means ro		
place where the a	dult receives disab	ility services, to an object in response	to the adult's behaviour that causes	
harm to the adult	or others to preve	nt the adult using the object to cause i	harm to the adult or others.	
Reason for Restric	ting Access:			
	Ling Access.			
	Damage to property involving a			
Physical harm	to the adult or	Serious Risk of physical harm	serious risk of physical harm to the	
others		to the adult or others	adult or others	
			addit of others	
Yes 📄 No 🗌	Does the Positive Behaviour Support plan include details of this practice?			
	Has the adult, their family members and others in their support network been provided with the statement about the use of the Restrictive Practice?			
Yes No				
	Has consent been obtained from the appropriate decision maker? (see Restrictive Practice			
Yes No <u>Requirements</u>				
	Date of Consent:			